"QUO VADIS, FEMINA?—The Vision of Women on Sustainable Life" Proposal for a Public Discussion					
	If -> then	Success indicators	Verification sources	Preconditions	
Where are we heading? (objective of QVF)	Harmony between men, women, and nature.	Improvement of environmental, ecological and social indicators.	Personal happiness, health. More human relationships. Statistics . Priorities of the government and political parties. Media Topics.	Positive thinking. Active approach of the general public. Openess of the powerful. Change of media content. Discussion, education. Absence of a glass ceiling.	
Why? (explanation)	So as to live better lives.	Satisfaction and happiness, both internal and exter- nal, of people of all walks of life and nation- alities. Peace, love, friendship.	Bodily and mental health. Reduction of interpersonal conflicts.	Readiness for personal as well as social development. Psycho hygiene. Positive, efficient and constructive thinking and acting.	
Which steps will benefit and con- tribute to the achievment of the set objec- tive?	1. Man and woman participate in the upbringing of children, creating of home and environmental surroundings in equal share Natural coexistence of generations. The time and work of women is evaluated equally as the time and work of men.	1. More men on maternity leave, engaged in housework, public discussion, part-time work, interest of media in the topic of equality. Healthier development of children. Nursery schools and day care centers for children at workplaces.	1. Statistics of the Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs, the Czech Statistical Office, monitoring of media, psychological and sociological studies.	1. Readiness of the society for a change, existence of an institution dealing with gender issues that would be continual in time, increased social and legal knowledge of women, availability of alternative education and care.	

2. Man and woman participate in the public life in equal share.	2. More women in policy, elimination of stereotypes in advertising, participa- tion of women in public discussions, the increasing of their interest in social events and processes.	2. Statistics of the Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs, the Czech Statis- tical Office, monitoring of media.	2. Acceptance of women, absence of a glass ceil- ing, elimination of stereo- types, acceptance of fem- inism within the society.
3. The domestic and public spheres are interconnected.	3. Better interpersonal relationships, better relationships between men and children, between generations; growing number of opportunities to work from home, transmission of experience between generations.	3. Growing number of opportunities to work from home, flexibility, family tolerance, better conditions for small and medium enterprises.	3. Elimination of one-sided influence for the benefit of global institutions and global economy at the expense of the local economy, manipulation with personal time.
4. Housework and the upbringing of children are sufficiently evaluated by the society.	4. Happiness and health of women and children, engagement of men in housework.	4. Statistics about the health of the population, interviews with women, improvement of the situation of women, especially elderly ones.	4. Absence of social barriers; media are not only in the hands of men who are not sensitive to gender issues.
5. Women on maternity leave and retired women are duly appreciated by society.	5. Better economic status of women, women do not have to face discrimination on the labor market, they are represented in public positions, incomes of men and women are equable.	5. Statistical data of the Parliament, companies, the Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs, the Czech Statistical Office, the conception of state family and pension policy.	5. Willingness and self-confidence of women, priorities of political representatives, examples of good practice.

6. Women are economically self–supporting and independent.	6. Self–reliance, freedom, the possibility to decide about one's own life and priorities.	6. Economic independence on men, market research, the statistics of salaries and consumption, assets and capital also in the hands of women.	6. Elimination of the slave and servant mentality of women and "mother" hotels, equal opportuni- ties of promotion at work, upbringing and education, examples draw.
7. Women are self-confident and self-realizing.	7. The influence of women on the public sphere, involvement of women, assertion of women's own opinions and projects, the state supports women's projects.	7. Qualitative and quantitative change of the society; monitoring of the change in various time horizons, monitoring of the women's movement.	7. Cooperation, promotion of soft women's values, communication, cooperation, intuition, instinct, utilization of female spontaneity, mutual solidarity.
8. Women cooperate to achieve common goals and implement common projects.	Shared priorities and goals, unification of women and women's organizations leading to their achievement.	8. Shared vision to be signed by Czech and Prague women, women's organizations; annual reports, press releases.	8. Readiness to cooperate, identification of common goals. Ability to agree on priorities, solidarity.
9. Prague is a sustainable city.	9. Enlargement of green areas, drinking water, reduced number of cars, more environmental projects, and better community life, reduction of ecological footprint.	9. The statistic data of the municipal authority, city districts, NGO projects, measurement of the ecological impact per inhabitant.	9. Interest of the general public in public issues. Ecology is valued as much as economy. Educational campaigns, willingness of municipal council members, transparent evaluation of public contracts.
10. Men and women cooperate and inspire each other.	10. Lower divorce rate, higher readiness for part- nership and responsibility.	10. Statistic data, opinion polls, researches in mixed teams and working groups.	10. Elimination of stereo- types, self–confidence of women, awareness of the situation.

Expected results 1. Conditions have been

created for work from

home, part-time jobs and

small entrepreneurial activities of women, micro loans.	cation of paperwork, equal tax conditions for small and large businesses.	Research among small entrepreneurs.	working from home. Flexibility of people, absence of favoritism paid to foreign investors and large companies.
 Quotas have been intro- duced in policy to sup- port the participation of women as well as a bind- ing ethical code laying higher moral and ethical demands on politicians. 	2. Existence of quotas in political parties, non-existence of prejudices towards women, increased social intelligence, new faces on the political scene, higher participation in elections, trust of the general public.	2. Results of elections, participation of women in elections and lists of political party candidates. Personnel policy in general, election statistics and opinion polls.	2. The level of policy culture, recognition of women's abilities, change of the value system, respect, esteem and self–esteem.
3. A Woman is the president.	3. The number of publicly discussed lists of candidates, direct voting.	3. Cooperation among medias, the ability to agree on a candidate list.	3. Trust given to the leader-ship capacities of women.
 Man and woman are equally evaluated at work as regards barriers to their employment and are remunerated with the same salary for the same work. Housework and upbring- 	4. Absence of negative experience of discrimination during recruitment interviews; the same questions for men and women, the same remuneration for the same work, transparent evaluation.	4. Evidence Gender Studies, o.p.s, ČSÚ, Labor Offices, personnel agencies.	4. People are not afraid to announce and make public any discrimination, transparency of the commercial sphere, sufficient self-confidence of women.
ing of children are included in the GNP and pensions, the remuneration is comparable to an employee's salary.	5. Changes in the legislature, requirements of the general public.	5. The Civil Code, Labor Code, Family Act, macro and micro indicators.	5. Financial evaluation of time devoted to the care of others. Political will and interest of the general public, transparency.

1. Supply/demand at Labor

personnel agencies.

Offices, labor exchanges,

1. Readiness of employers

to employ part-time

employees or employees working from home.

1. Increased

supply/demand. Flexible forms of work, simplifi-

- 6. Pension reform will be elaborated that will take into account reduction of social differences between pensioners and people in their productive age, care of the handicapped.
- 7. Women are able to speak openly about their problems, sexuality, to define their goals and head towards them.
- 8. The state makes financially more favorable such an approach of an individual and a family toward nature which is environmentally friendlier.
- 9. The conception of public spaces adaptation will be elaborated so as they would meet the needs of men, women, children, handicapped people and so as neither of the groups would be discriminated against.

- ety to old and handicapped people, the state invests in dignified life. more elderly, prudent women in leading positions.
- Existence, definition and implementation of a personal vision, women create women's communities and projects, they are satisfied.
- 8. The awareness of the general public about the ecological footprint, legislative framework. The ecological footprint is taken into account on the level of taxes paid by an individual or a family.
- 9. Aesthetics, efficiency, ecology and functionality of the public space, satisfaction of its users, community plans.

- 6. Respect paid by the soci- 6. Act on pension insurance 6. Change of values respectschemes and social insurance, medial presentation of old age and care.
 - 7. Dialogues, cooperation, women's associations. annual reports, sexuological and psychological research, discussion forums on the internet and advisory services in the media.
 - 8. Economic rules. Consideration of ecological and health-related connectedness, the state of the environment.
 - 9. Municipal plan, newsletter of city districts, strategy of development, city budget, gender budgeting.

- ed by the society, infrastructure, media, products taking into account aging of the population.
- 7. Time and desire to think, self-confidence, openness, readiness to life-long psychological, social, personal and sexual development.
- 8. The government also respects values other than the material and consumer ones, education, educational campaigns, higher level of knowledgeability.
- 9. Absence of corruption, lobbying interests, patriarchal values are not predominating, self-awareness and knowledge of the future.

- 10. Education and upbringing at schools and in families is aimed at ecology, relations, morality, courage, equal opportunities, tolerance, healthy sexuality, love and friendship, multicultural education. Integration of the handicapped. Education leading toward esteem and love towards one's body and soul.
- 10. Change in the curricula and content of textbooks, horizontal thinking of people engaged in the school system, the state makes investments in education and educational campaigns also in the spiritual dimensions of life, birth and death, positive relationship between parents and children toward nature and life.
- 10. Textbooks and lecture notes, conceptions, research on the attitudes of children and teachers toward bullying, foreigners, nature, the handicapped. Engagement of men in the school system on lower levels, the internet.
- 10. Understanding of connectedness, horizontal education, enough time and interest in families and the society, openness, spontaneity, esteem and self–esteem, love, positive examples.